e hostage negotiations.
Asked what Iran would ran would do if Wash

tages and I am sure that they are not the sort of people who would do such a thing Of course, if one of the hos tages wanted to escape and they fired into the air or hit him when they arsaying: "I know most of them [the radical Moslems who held the hos-

shown to the world even more than its undertakings, its guilty face will be In his address to the Majlis, Rajai said. If the U.S. doesn't want to meet

its frozen assets, he said this was what was left from \$8 billion after repaying all Iran's loans from U.S. banks and acted as go-between for settlement of claims between Iran and the United placing money with Algeria, which had recovered less than \$3 km:

ping all legal claims against Iran and returning its frozen assets and the late shah's fortune. States for \$24 billion in guarantees that it would carry out the Majlis conditions Iran originally asked the United of noninterference, drop-

sets is about \$8 billion, from which we should pay our loans completely," "The whole amount of Iranian

Approve

a filles were not fighting under Iraqi di greater autonomy from the Tehran em correspondents at a front-line po-sition inside Iranian territory in the springed Kurdistan region, said Bagh-ided was backing Kurdish demands for today.

It The officers, interviewed by West-"They have their own fight against [Ayatollah Ruhollah] Khomeini," said government. Gulf war, Iraqi military officers said They insisted, however, that the ell-ermed Pesh Merga Kurdish guer-

Musicoets and black and white head-waistocets and black and white head-scarves, were armed with both Soviet-designed Kalashnikovs and U.S.-made

ernment into signing a

ber 1979. He called them counterrevthat Iran's problems all stemmed from the seizure of the hostages in Novemchallenged the government's view that Iran had got all it sought. Raja attacked people who argued

Rajai's cabinet had done its best in the hostage negotiations Speaker Hojatoleslam

ington did not fulfill its part of the deal, he said: I do not think they would be so unwise."

Rafsungan denied allegations that some hostages had been maltreated.

rested him, that is not what I would call torture."

MOHAMMAD ALI RAJAI
defended by Majlis speaker

SULAIMANIYA, Iran, Jan. 26.
Atmian Kurdish guerrilles are striking
att Iranian troops from mountain bases Iranian Troops Behind War's Front behind Iraq's front line in the Persian Iraqis Say Kurdish Guerrillas Strike Western reporters were escorted by the Iraqi Army during the weekend to the Iranian village of Nowaud, 50 miles southeast of this Iraqi market Iraq unilsterally abrogated the agreement just before the war jogan. Under the accord, Iran said it would abandon support for the Iraqi Kurds

tain region spanning northern The Kurdish people live in a moun-

reports since then of fighting farther north than Nowsud. dam Hussein said he had extended the battle front from the deserts in the south all the way up to the Turkish border. But there

of two strategic passes near Nowsud and Penjwin to the north to prevent The Iraqis say they seized control

an tragi major who would not give his

les in two mountain villages now oc-

Reporters saw several dozen guerril

dupied by traqi forces.

The guernilles, wearing their tradi-

causes of the war. Iranian support un-der the late shah for a rebellion sgainst Baghdad by Iraqi Kurds in the early 1970s forced the Iraqi govtranian cross-border raids The Kurdish problem is one of the

town.
Both Iran and Iran have attempted to harness Kurdish discontent since the Person Gulf war started in Sep-

in return for a new border agreement

between the two countries.

Now Iraq is fighting to recover what it calls usurped border territory.

Evidence of ruthlessness in the fight

Soviet Union and Turkey,
Soviet Union and Turkey,
Toromber Iraqi President Sad-In December Iraqi Presideni fortress constructed from the rubb against the Kurds was shown in Kurdish cultural center and university mountains southeast of this wn.
Reporters were briefed at a hilloon
reserved from the rubble

1975, were 60,000 deal and infuned including 16,000 regular troops.

After the revolt Iraq established? What it called an autonomous region for the Kurds, who elected their owner. what it called an autonomous region for the Kurds, who elected their own Hussein said total casualties in the Kurdish rebellion, which ended in 1975, were 60,000 dead and injured including 16,000 regular troops. of a farming community destroyed during the Kurdish revolt. In a speech last month, Saddand usein said total casualties in the

ragi officers say they do not entirely of trust their new-found transan com. assembly last September. Because of the history of emityo-tween Baghdad and the Kurds-o

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